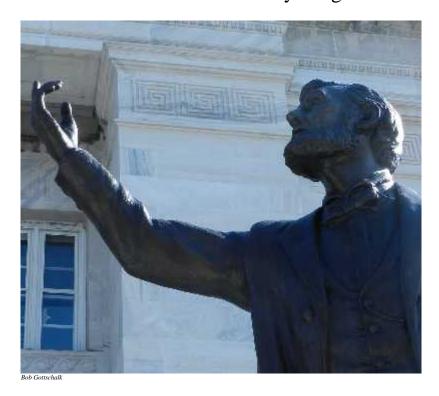


Indianapolis Civil War Round Table Newsletter http://indianapolisewrt.org/

November 8, 2021 at 6:45 p.m. Meeting at MCL Cafeteria Township Line 2370 W. 86th Street

The Plan of the Day "Abraham Lincoln and the Gettysburg Address"



Young Abe loses his mother and sister, teaches himself to read, and learns the value of hard work. Then we examine his prairie lawyer years, political aspirations, Lincoln-Douglas debates, Civil War tragedy and triumph, freedom for slaves, and much more. Hilarity, heartbreak, humanity, and brilliant speeches blaze to life in this compelling program!

JOIN US BEFORE THE MEETING AT MCL CAFETERIA!

All ICWRT members and guests are invited to join us at 6:00 P.M. at MCL Cafeteria, 2370 W. 86th Street before the meeting to enjoy dinner and fellowship.

Members are encouraged to wear their badges to the meetings, so people will know who you are.

Our Guest Speaker - Mr. Danny Russel

Danny Russel is a native of Maine, and pursued advanced training at the Chicago Actors Studio. A longtime regional theatre performer, he has toured as Mr. Lincoln for more than 10 years and is a proud 7-time grant recipient honored by the Indiana Arts Commission for his work in historical interpretation. Mr. Russel is honored to share his portrayal depicting Abe's amazing journey from log cabin to the White House. "Indiana," as one noted author wrote, "was the land where our greatest president passed from obscurity to immortality."

Courtesy of the Weekly View



Roster of Officers and Committees for the 2021-2022 Campaign

Officers:

President: William Ghormley Vice President: Steven Magnusen

Secretary: Bill Nicholai Treasurer: Tony Roscetti

Immediate Past President: Angie Gilmer

Committees:

Preservation: Andy O'Donnell Website: Ed Pope Program Selection: Bob Gottschalk, Nikki Schofield, & Tony Trimble

Publicity: Peg Bertelli & Chris Smith Tour Director: Peter Benner

Quiz Master: HARDTACK Newsletter:

Tony Trimble Editor: Robert Gottschalk

If you have a short article, book review, or some other item that may be of interest to our members, please submit it via email to the editor at flyingcircus2011@hotmail.com by the tenth day following the preceding month's meeting.

2021-2022 Campaign Plans

October 11, 2021 - Dave Mowery - "Morgan's Great Raid: Taking the War to the North"

November 8, 2021 – Danny Russell – "Abraham Lincoln and the Gettysburg Address"

December 13, 2021 – Tony Trimble – "Death Struggle in Missouri"

January 10, 2022 – YOU! – "Civil War Show and Tell"

February 14, 2022 - Michael Eisenhut - The Iron Brigade at Gettysburg

March 14, 2022 - Chris Smith, Tony Trimble, and Panel - "Could the South Have Won?"

April 11, 2022 – Steve Stotylmyer - "Too Useful to Sacrifice: Reconsidering George B. McClellan in the Maryland Campaign"

May 9, 2022 — Gerald Jones - "Berdan's Sharpshooters"

June 13, 2021 — Karel Biggs - "The Importance of Quinine in the Antebellum South and the Confederate Search for a Substitute"

Other Camp Activities

Hamilton County Civil War Roundtable: Meetings cancelled until further notice due to Covid-19.

Madison County Historical Society Civil War Roundtable: The Madison County Civil War RoundTable meets throughout the year. The meetings take place on the third Monday of each month at 7 p.m. in the Bowman Room at the Museum of Madison County History, 11 West 11th Street, Anderson, Indiana.

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Official Records

October Attendance:

Alan T. Nolan Memorial Youth Scholarship Fund: The Executive Board of the Indianapolis Civil War Round Table has established this fund to provide membership dues, annual tour expenses or other worthwhile purpose for any full-time student of any age. Please see Tony Roscetti to donate to this fund.

Facebook: The Indianapolis Civil War Round Table is on Facebook. We invite you to join our group. Feel free to post Civil War related messages on our site.

Charitable Sponsors: In an effort to upgrade our speakers and programs, the board of ICWRT is asking members and organizations with which they are involved (companies or charitable organizations) to consider sponsoring one or more speakers. This could be done as a gift now, or a person could opt to make a bequest in a will for that purpose. Because of our limited membership, we can't bring in as many national speakers as we would like to. If you are interested or want more info, call Chris Smith at 450-7430.

Book Raffle:

- 1. Mosby's Rangers, by James J. Williamson
- 2. The Battle of Franklin, by R. W. Banks
- 3. Civil War Generalship: The Art of Command, by W. J. Wood
- 4. From Winchester to Cedar Creek: The Shenandoah Campaign of 1864, by Jeffry D. Wert
- 5. Giants in the Cornfield: The 27th Indiana Infantry, by Wilbur D. Jones, Jr.

This Day in History by Nikki Schofield

November 8, 1864. Abraham Lincoln was elected for a second term as U.S. President, defeating former general George McClellan, the Democratic candidate. Andrew Johnson was elected Vice President.

Test Your Civil War Knowledge (with Trimble's Trivia)

- 1. One Confederate officer was excluded from Grant's terms at Appomattox. Who was he?
- 2. Who was the Native American officer present at Appomattox?
- 3. On what battlefield would you find the "Hornet's Nest"?
- 4. 675 of Gen. Buford's 2700 men were out of the fight with Gen. Heth on July 1st. Why?
- 5. By what name is the battle of Belle Grove better known?

Answers to the October Quiz:

- 1. Opened the way to drive on Vicksburg
- 2. Grand Division

- 4. John McClernand was relieved and replaced by E.O.C. Ord
- 5. Reams' Station

3. First regiments to adopt the Henry Rifle

^{*}Anyone wishing to donate books for upcoming raffles should either bring them to Tony Roscetti at the meeting or contact him to make arrangements for pick up.

November 19, 1863 Edward Everett Gives Gettysburg Address



On this day in 1863, Edward Everett spoke at the dedication of Gettysburg's National Cemetery, giving what is remembered today as the other Gettysburg Address. The Boston orator was the obvious choice for the occasion. During his 40-year career as professor, diplomat, and statesman, he had consistently dazzled audiences with his brilliant oratory. At Gettysburg, Everett held the crowd spellbound for two hours. But his words are not the ones that are remembered from that day. When Abraham Lincoln followed Everett to the podium, the president spoke for only three minutes, but what he said entered the national memory and has remained there ever since. Everett's Gettysburg address lives on, in the words of one historian, "as a foil to that better thing that followed."

When the armies withdrew from the field after the carnage at Gettysburg, they left behind a hellish scene: 8,000 human corpses and 5,000 dead horses strewn across the Pennsylvania fields.

The toll would grow as thousands more succumbed to mortal wounds in the days following the battle. In the summer heat, Governor Andrew Curtain faced a pressing need to identify and bury the dead. But he also felt compelled to give meaning to the bloody tragedy and hope to the future.

Curtain enlisted the help of a leading Gettysburg citizen, David Wills, who immediately acquired 17 acres for a battlefield cemetery and began planning for its dedication. Looking for someone who could with "artful words . . . sweeten the poisoned air of Gettysburg," Wells naturally turned to Edward Everett.

Everett had inherited the mantle of Daniel Webster, the nation's leading orator, at Webster's death in 1852. The Bostonian had long been recognized for his deft and graceful use of language, intuitive dramatic sense, musical voice, and magnetic presence. Edward Everett was born in Dorchester in 1794. A precocious youth, he graduated from Harvard at the age of 17, receiving the highest honors in spite of being the youngest member of his class. Three years later, after earning a Masters of Divinity degree, he was invited to be the minister at the Brattle Street Church, then Boston's largest and most fashionable congregation, and was installed as pastor before reaching his 20th birthday. After a year in the pulpit, he decided that he preferred scholarship to the ministry and accepted a faculty appointment in Greek literature at Harvard. Since he was only 21 and had only a Master's degree, the university sent him to Europe for two years of further study. He completed a Ph.D. in Germany before returning to Harvard in 1819.

Everett was unusual for a nineteenth-century scholar in having aspirations beyond the university. He left teaching to serve five terms in the U.S. House of Representatives (1825-1835); four (one-year) terms as Massachusetts governor (1836-1839); four years as ambassador to England (1841-1845); Secretary of State under President Millard Fillmore; and one term in the U.S. Senate (1854-1860). In the mid-1840s, he took a break from politics to serve as president of Harvard.

Everett's public service gave him many opportunities to demonstrate his power as a public speaker, and his orations became the stuff of legend. He could hold forth for several hours with such skill and drama that his listeners lost all track of time. After preparing meticulously and producing a text of his speech, once at the podium he customarily set the manuscript aside and spoke from memory. He had delivered memorable speeches commemorating Revolutionary battlefields at Lexington, Concord, and Bunker Hill; now he was expected to find the words to dignify and consecrate Gettysburg.

In the weeks before the dedication, Everett immersed himself in military reports, researching and reconstructing every aspect of the three-day battle so that he could re-create it, step by awful step, for his listeners. He strove, as always, to be an accurate historian and to stir the emotions of the audience. As was his habit, he sought to elevate the oration by invoking comparisons to Greek antiquity. In his lengthy speech, he relived the battle and denounced the enemy. Many in the crowd were moved to tears.

Then Lincoln rose to speak. Unlike Everett, he did not relive the battle; in fact he never mentioned Gettysburg, the Union, or slavery. Instead, as Garry Wills wrote in his book on the Gettysburg address, the president reached "beyond the historical particulars,.. [to] derive a new, a transcendental, significance from this bloody episode." In only 285 words, he "wove a spell that has not, yet, been broken — he called up a new nation out of the blood and trauma."

Edward Everett was quick to acknowledge the greatness of Lincoln's brief speech. The day after the ceremony, he wrote to the president praising the "eloquent simplicity & appropriateness" of his remarks. "I should be glad, if I could flatter myself that I came as near to the central idea of the occasion, in two hours, as you did in two minutes." Lincoln sent an immediate and gracious response: "In our respective parts yesterday, you could not have been excused to make a short address, nor I a long one. I am pleased to know that, in your judgment, the little that I did say was not entirely a failure."

Abraham Lincoln Proclaims Thanksgiving Day

Washington, D.C. October 3, 1863

By the President of the United States of America.

A Proclamation.

The year that is drawing towards its close, has been filled with the blessings of fruitful fields and healthful skies. To these bounties, which are so constantly enjoyed that we are prone to forget the source from which they come, others have been added, which are of so extraordinary a nature, that they cannot fail to penetrate and soften even the heart which is habitually insensible to the ever watchful providence of Almighty God. In the midst of a civil war of unequalled magnitude and severity, which has sometimes seemed to foreign States to invite and to provoke their aggression, peace has been preserved with all nations, order has been maintained, the laws have been respected and obeyed, and harmony has prevailed everywhere except in the theatre of military conflict; while that theatre has been greatly contracted by the advancing armies and navies of the Union. Needful diversions of wealth and of strength from the fields of peaceful industry to the national defence, have not arrested the plough, the shuttle or the ship; the axe has enlarged the borders of our settlements, and the mines, as well of iron and coal as of the precious metals, have yielded even more abundantly than heretofore. Population has steadily increased, notwithstanding the waste that has been made in the camp, the siege and the battle-field; and the country, rejoicing in the consciousness of augmented strength and vigor, is permitted to expect continuance of years with large increase of freedom. No human counsel hath devised nor hath any mortal hand worked out these great things. They are the gracious gifts of the Most High God, who, while dealing with us in anger for our sins, hath nevertheless remembered mercy. It has seemed to me fit and proper that they should be solemnly, reverently and gratefully acknowledged as with one heart and one voice by the whole American People. I do therefore invite my fellow citizens in every part of the United States, and also those who are at sea and those who are sojourning in foreign lands, to set apart and observe the last Thursday of November next, as a day of Thanksgiving and Praise to our beneficent Father who dwelleth in the Heavens. And I recommend to them that while offering up the ascriptions justly due to Him for such singular deliverances and blessings, they do also, with humble penitence for our national perverseness and disobedience, commend to His tender care all those who have become widows, orphans, mourners or sufferers in the lamentable civil strife in which we are unavoidably engaged, and fervently implore the interposition of the Almighty Hand to heal the wounds of the nation and to restore it as soon as may be consistent with the Divine purposes to the full enjoyment of peace, harmony, tranquillity and Union.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this Third day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and of the Independence of the United States the Eighty-eighth.

By the President: Abraham Lincoln

William H. Seward, Secretary of State

(Source: Collected Works of Abraham Lincoln, edited by Roy P. Basler et al.)

Society for Women and the Civil War Welcomes New Board Member Steve Magnusen

Dr. Dianne Kauffman, a long-time stalwart member of SWCW, best known for her hilarious leadership of silent auctions at conventions, has, for health reasons, submitted her resignation as a board member. The Board thanks Dianne for her service and looks forward to still enjoying her company at conferences.

At its September monthly meeting, the Board of Directors elected Steve Magnusen to complete Dianne's term of office. Participants in our 2021 virtual conference will recall with pleasure Steve's presentation "Women of Commitment and Courage: The Cutler, Dawes and Gates Ladies of Marietta, Ohio," based upon his well-received book, To My Best Girl. Steve's bio can be found on the Board of Directors page at the SWCW website: Board - Society for Women and the Civil War (swcw.org). Please join us in welcoming Steve's distinguished leadership to the service of SWCW!

ROBBERS LEE vs MEADE July 14-31,1863.

'Of all the Civil War magazines, North & South contains the most stimulating and original articles. The scholarship is sound, the arguments thought-provoking, and the writing superb." James M. McPherson, author of Battle Cry of Freedom.

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PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

Hello fellow history lovers!

Thanks to all who brought David Mowery to us on October 11th — Steve, Nikki, Tony, and Bob!

His depth of knowledge was impressive, and General John Hunt Morgan was truly brought to life in his presentation. Question? Was Indiana his mission all along? He sure raised havoc in July 1863 here, but was he supposed to cross the Ohio!?

It seems he bought the Army of Tennessee some precious time, and that the CSA victory at Chickamauga may be the direct result of it all!? Agree?

Next up is Danny Russell on November 8th, who will venture to bring President Lincoln to life for us in late 1863. Talk about moments in history where our language sings across the eons! Don't miss it — dinner's at 6 pm at the MCL!

See you there! Best, Bill Ghormley

Save Historic Antietam Foundation buys battlefield land at Antietam.

by Kevin Pawlak

For the first time in the preservation history of the Antietam Battlefield, a non-profit organization has acquired core battlefield land along the historic Harpers Ferry Road. The Save Historic Antietam Foundation, Inc. (SHAF) announces acquisition of a one-half acre house lot approximately one-half mile south of Sharpsburg for \$132,000.

"We've been targeting this battlefield sector as prime for preservation for some time," said SHAF president Dr. Tom Clemens. "This site presented an ideal opportunity."

Purchase of the non-historic house and adjoining property is all the more important because the ground lies outside the national park boundary. "We are not confined by an artificial Congressional boundary," commented Clemens. "This is prime battlefield land. The battle did not start or end at a paper boundary."

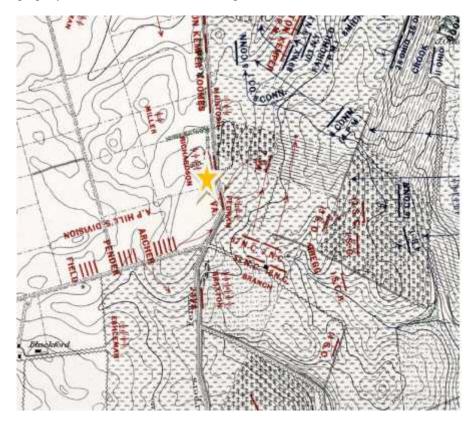
The site is high ground that overlooks the final assault of Gen. Ambrose Burnside's attack on the afternoon of September 17, 1862. Confederates under Gen. A. P. Hill stopped Burnside's advance, saving General Lee's army from defeat.

"Southern artillery from New Orleans occupied the position we purchased," remarked Clemens. "From this high ground Confederate cannoneers could pound Burnside's assault."

Clemens announced SHAF will be fundraising to pay for the property. "An anonymous donor who has supported SHAF's cause from the outset has offered a one-for-one match. We raise \$15,000; the donor matches with \$15,000," said Clemens. "We're up for the challenge." Clemens expects grants from other battlefield preservation sources to cover the bulk of the funding. "SHAF is well-known, well-respected and well-linked in the battlefield preservation community," Clemens noted. "SHAF has supported other non-profits at Antietam, donating tens of thousands toward other acquisitions. This time, they will support SHAF."

For anyone interested in donating toward the \$15,000 matching grant challenge, please visit the SHAF Facebook page or the SHAF web page. Donations can also be made through the Community Foundation of Washington County on their website, and may be tax deductible.

Here is the view from the property and location on the Carman map.



Re-enlisting for the 2021-2022 Campaign

Membership Extension Notice

The past year has been unprecedented in how it has impacted all of our lives. With the risks and concerns presented by the Coronavirus, the ICWRT was required to substantially alter the 2020-2021 campaign. With the cancellation of a number of meetings and the transition to Zoom calls for several more, the ICWRT was unable to provide the high level of meetings and presentations to which all of us have become accustomed. As a result, the Executive Board has determined that everyone who has an active membership for the 2020-2021 campaign will have their memberships extended at no additional cost for the 2021-2022 campaign. For anyone who has already paid for membership in the 2021-2022 campaign, their memberships will also be extended for an additional year. It is anticipated that the ICWRT will be able to return to our regular, in-person meetings beginning in September 2021 and we look forward to the return of all current and former members. Thank you for your understanding and commitment to our wonderful organization.

Tony Roscetti, Treasurer Indianapolis Civil War Round Table

Indianapolis Civil War Round Table 1162 Thistlewood Way Plainfield, IN 46168